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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/756,923		01/13/2004	Shaoher X. Pan	23340-08598	<del></del>	
758	7590	12/07/2004		EXAMINER		
FENWICK & WEST LLP SILICON VALLEY CENTER 801 CALIFORNIA STREET				OLSEN, ALLAN W		
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
MOUNTAI	N VIEW,	'IEW, CA 94041		1763	- M	
				DATE MAILED: 12/07/2004	1	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	10				
		10/756,923	PAN ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		Allan Olsen	1763					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apor Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence addre	ess				
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re, period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu- reply received by the Office later than three months after the maili- ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).		timely filed  ays will be considered timely.  m the mailing date of this comm	unication.				
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13.	lanuary 2004						
		is action is non-final.						
3)[	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is.							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
	Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the application	n						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	ann nom ochologiallotti.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers		1					
9)[]	The specification is objected to by the Examina	er.						
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct							
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-1	52.				
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) 🔲 /	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigr	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).					
_	☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		, , , , ,					
	1. Certified copies of the priority document							
	2.☐ Certified copies of the priority document							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio		ed in this National Stag	ge				
* 9	application from the International Burea							
3	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies not receive	<b>?</b> ɑ.	ı				
Attachment   Notice	(s) of References Cited (PTO-892)	n □ · · · ·	(DTO 440)					
2) 🔲 Notice	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da						
3) 🔯 Inform	ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date 5/26, 6/28, 8/6/04.	5)  Notice of Informal P 6)  Other:	Patent Application (PTO-152)	)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### **Double Patenting**

A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain a patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co.*, 151 U.S. 186 (1894); *In re Ockert*, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

Claims 1-30 are provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claims 1-30 of copending Application No. 10/7378,041. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-13, 15 and 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent 5,999,306 issued to Atobe et al. (hereinafter, Atobe).

Atobe teaches a method of fabricating a spatial light modulator, comprising: forming cavities in a first side of a first substrate (see through holes extending through

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layer 422 in fig. 10F), fabricating electrodes on a first side of a second substrate (510 in fig.10C), bonding the first side of the first substrate to the first side of the second substrate (as shown in fig 10B), and forming hinges, connectors, and mirror plates on a second side of the first substrate after bonding the first side of the first substrate to the first side of the second substrate (see figs 10D-10G).

Atobe teaches depositing reflective layer 402 onto a silicon substrate before forming the hinges and connectors and mirror plates.

Atobe teaches thinning the second side of the first substrate before creating a reflective surface on the second side of the first substrate (see fig. 10B-10D)

Atobe teaches bonding the substrate at a temperature of less than 500°C (column 16, lines 46-48).

Atobe teaches the substrates are aligned such that the addressing circuitry is aligned with opposing mirror elements (column 18).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Atobe in view of U.S. Patent 6,252,227 issued to Chan et al. (hereinafter, Chan).

The teaching of Atobe as noted above is herein relied upon.

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Atobe does not teach anisotropically etching with SF<sub>6</sub>, HBr and O<sub>2</sub>.

Chan teaches anisotropically etching with SF<sub>6</sub>, HBr and O<sub>2</sub>.

It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to use  $SF_6$ , HBr and  $O_2$  to anisotropically etch the openings in the method of Atobe because Chan teaches that a gas mixture containing HBr/SF $_6$ /O $_2$  is a well known etchant composition for anisotropically etching silicon in a manner that readily provides etched features with smooth vertical walls.

Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Atobe in view of U.S. Patent 6,201,521 issued to Doherty.

The teaching of Atobe as noted above is herein relied upon. Additionally, it is noted the Atobe teaches forming a memory buffer (column 26, lines 53-58).

Atobe does not teach providing a pulse width modulator.

Doherty teaches providing a pulse width modulator.

It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to provide a pulse width modulator to the device of Atobe because Doherty teaches that this is a conventional method of obtaining intermediate levels of illumination between white (on) and black (off) (column 1, lines 38-40).

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Allan Olsen whose telephone number is 571-272-1441. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 1-5.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Greg Mills can be reached on 571-272-1439. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Alla Osa

Allan Olsen
Primary Examiner

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